

# PUBLIC OPINION POLL ON THE RESPECT OF HUMAN RIGHTS IN BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA

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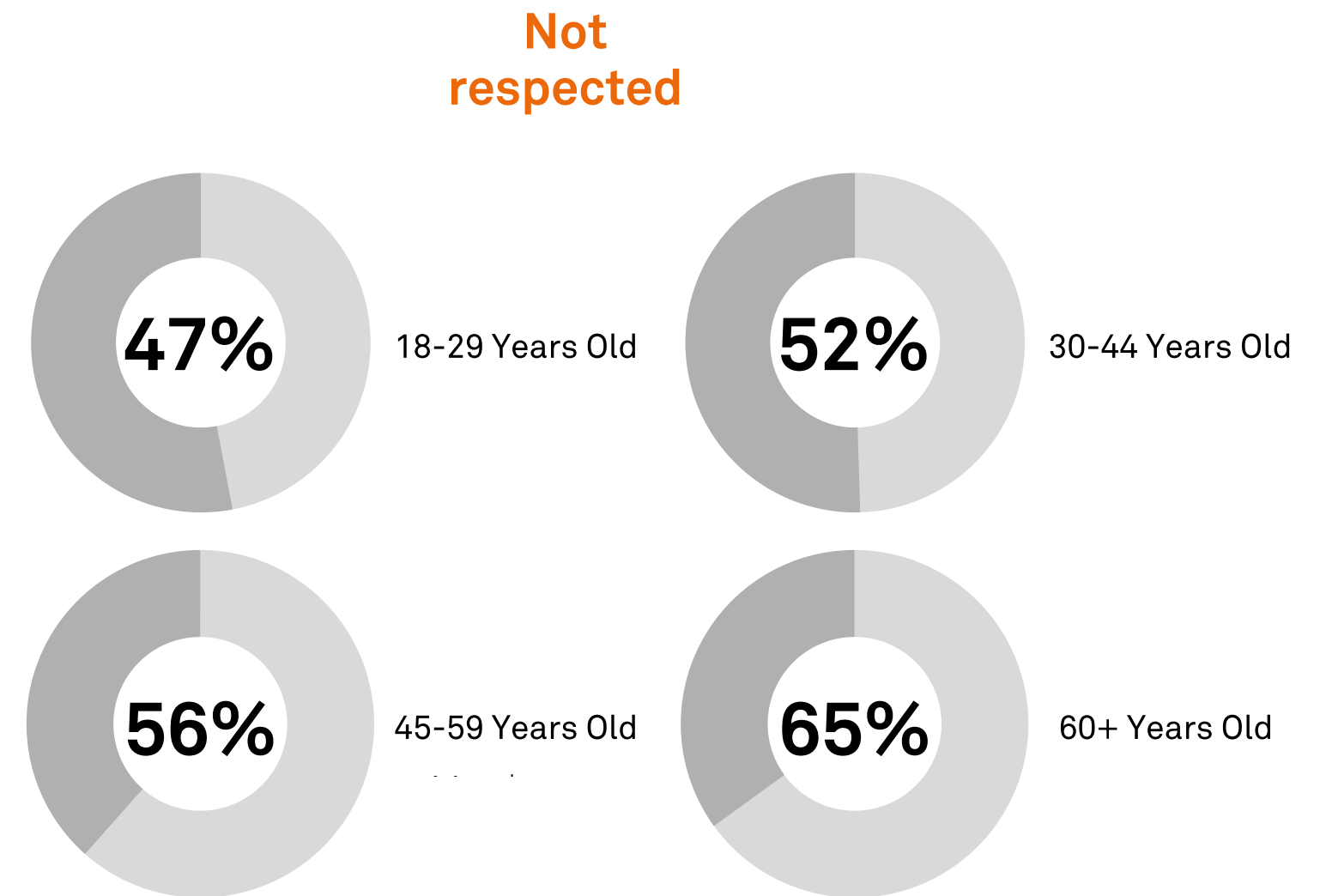
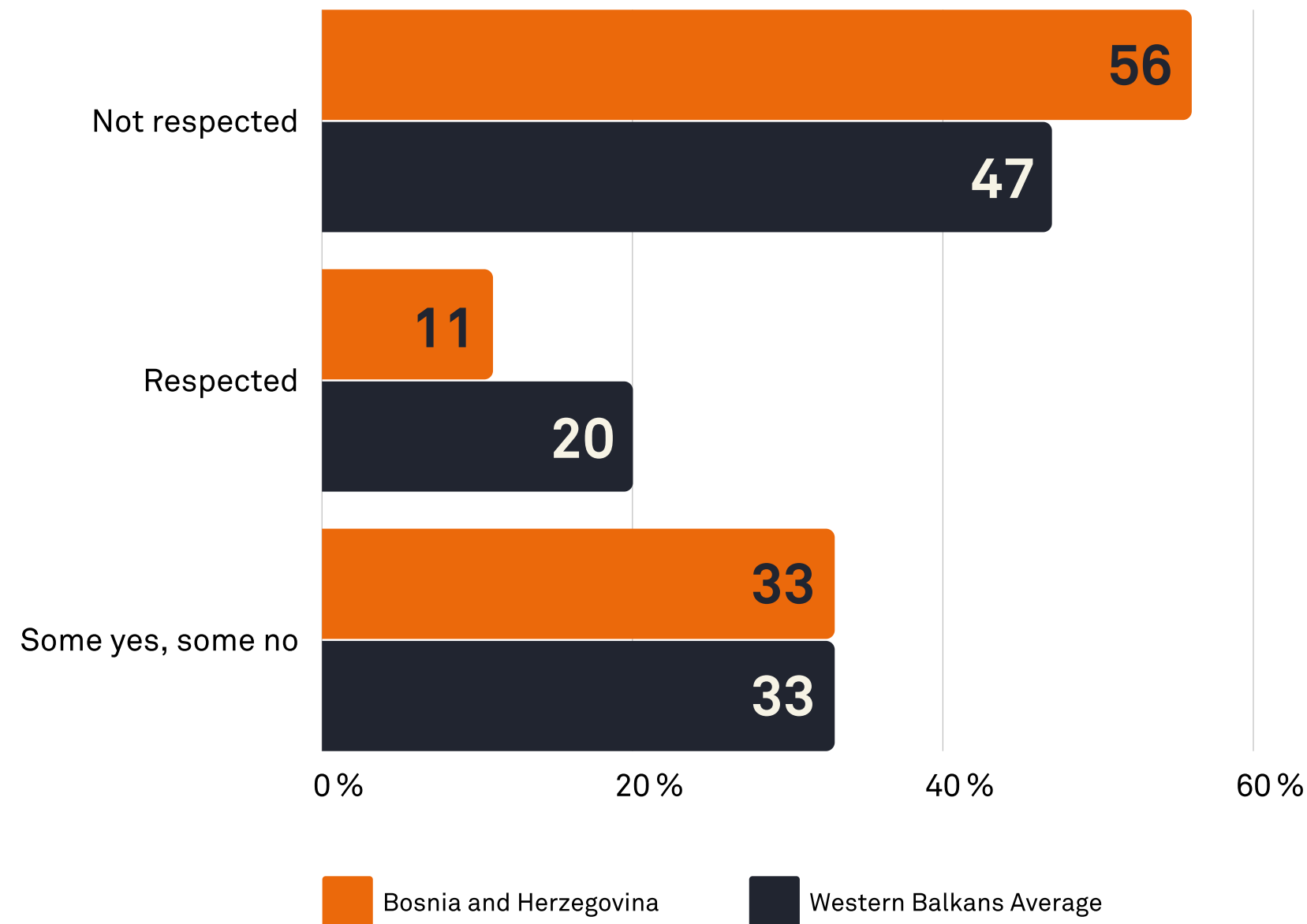
May 2021



# METHODOLOGY

<b>Data collection period</b>	27th November to 21st December 2020
<b>Location</b>	Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Kosovo, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Serbia
<b>Target populations</b>	Citizens 18+
<b>Method of data collection</b>	CATI (Computer-assisted telephone survey), in combination with CAWI (Computer-assisted web interviewing) used with population 18-44 years old, hard to reach with CATI method. Percentage of interviews realized with CAWI: 9% in Albania, 10% in Montenegro, 7% in North Macedonia, 20% in Bosnia and Herzegovina and Serbia each. In Kosovo only the CATI method was used.
<b>Sampling frame</b>	CATI: Electronic Telephone Directory; CAWI: IPSOS on-line panel database
<b>Type of sample and method of selection</b>	CATI: Two stage stratified representative sample with quota method of respondents' selection. Strata: Officially defined regions with countries within countries, and types of settlements (urban / other) Primary sampling units: households (sample random sampling) Secondary sampling units: respondent within household (quota based on gender and age)
	CAWI: Quota sample - respondent (quota based on region, type of settlement, gender, and age)
<b>Poststratification</b>	By gender, age, region and type of settlement (correction by level of education)
<b>Sample size</b>	Total 6284; Albania 1014; Bosnia and Herzegovina 1015; Kosovo 1225; Montenegro 1008; North Macedonia 1017; Serbia 1005
<b>Sampling error</b>	±3.33% - lower bound of marginal error country-wise

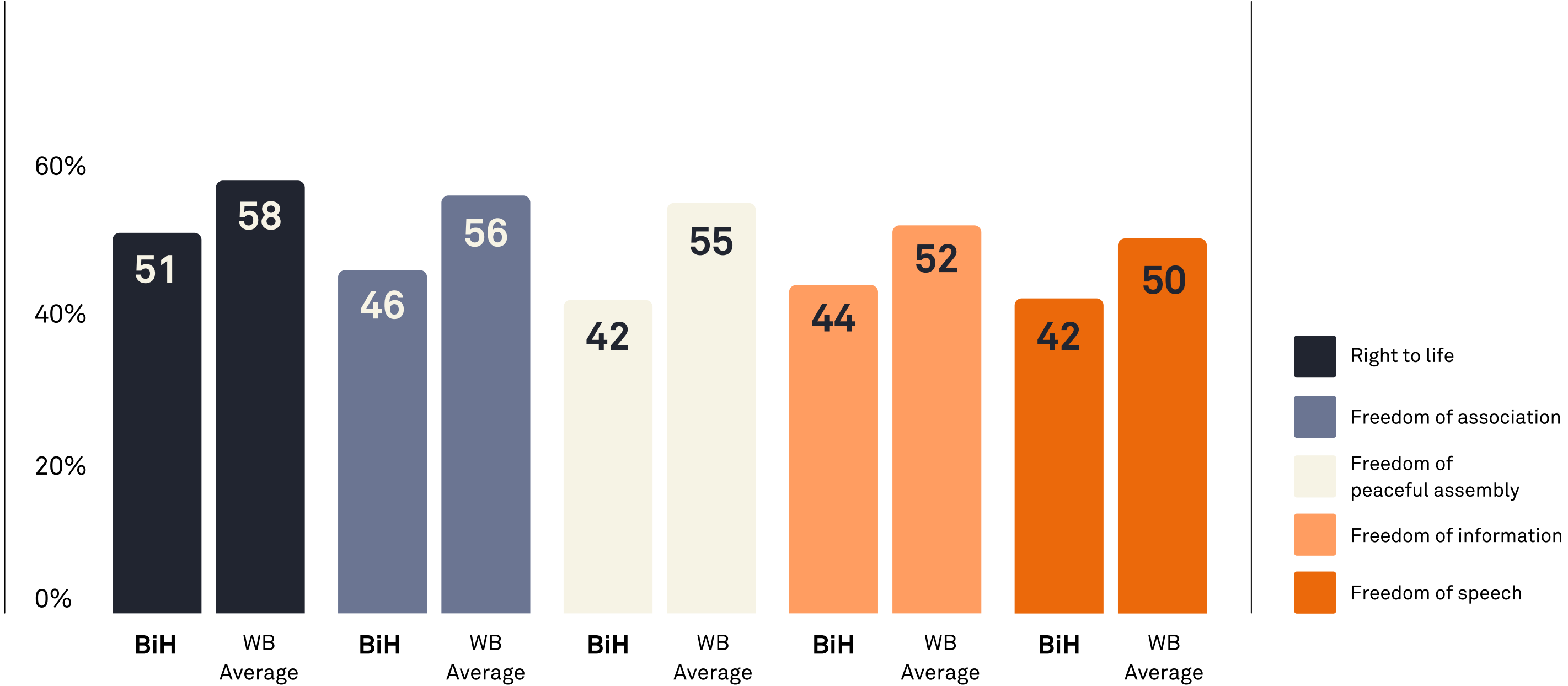
# Roughly 1 in 10 citizens of Bosnia & Herzegovina believe human rights are fully respected in the country, significantly lower than the Western Balkans average.



In general, how much are human rights respected in (country)?

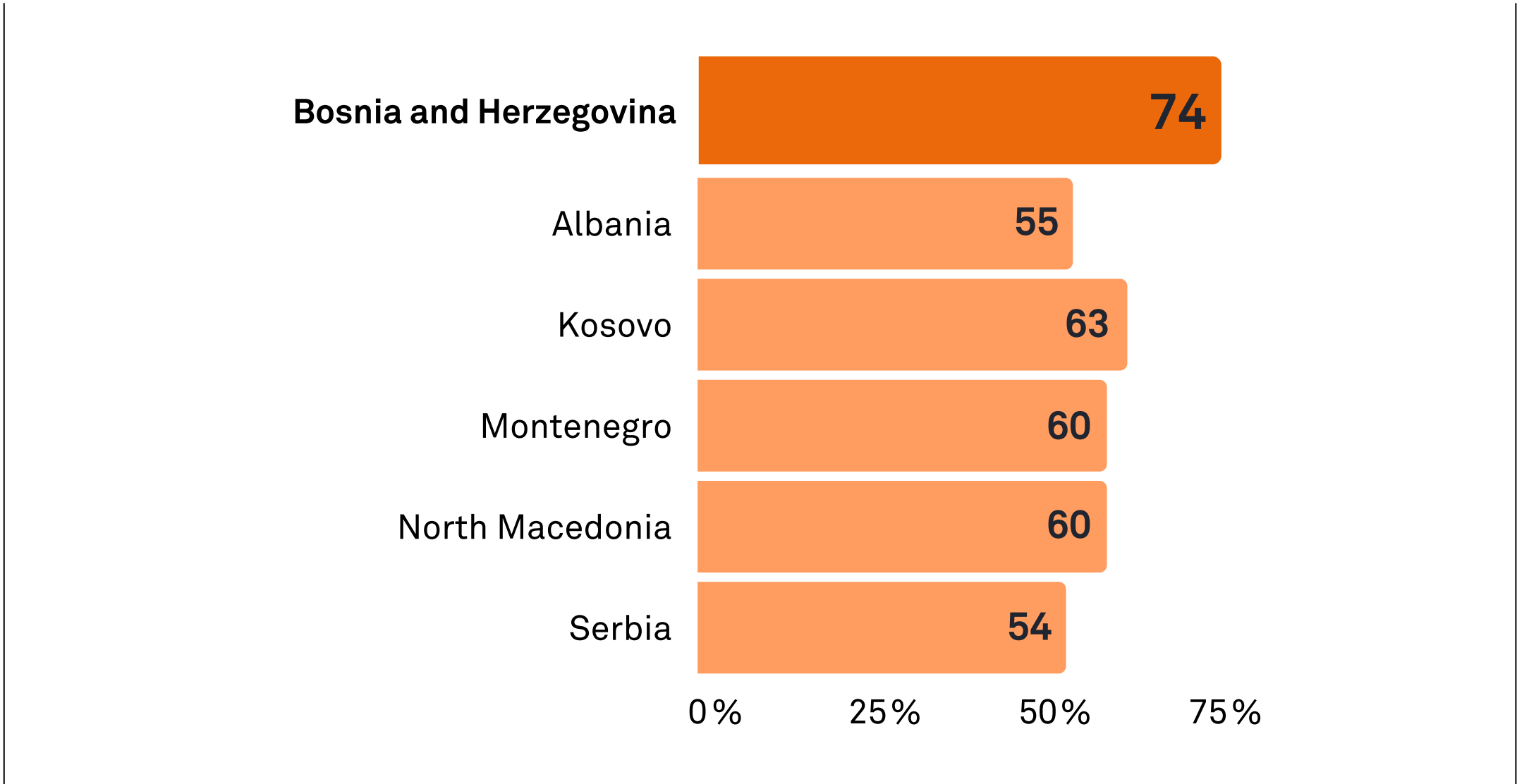
Base: Total target population

# The perceived respect for various human rights is notably lower among citizens of Bosnia & Herzegovina than the Western Balkans average.



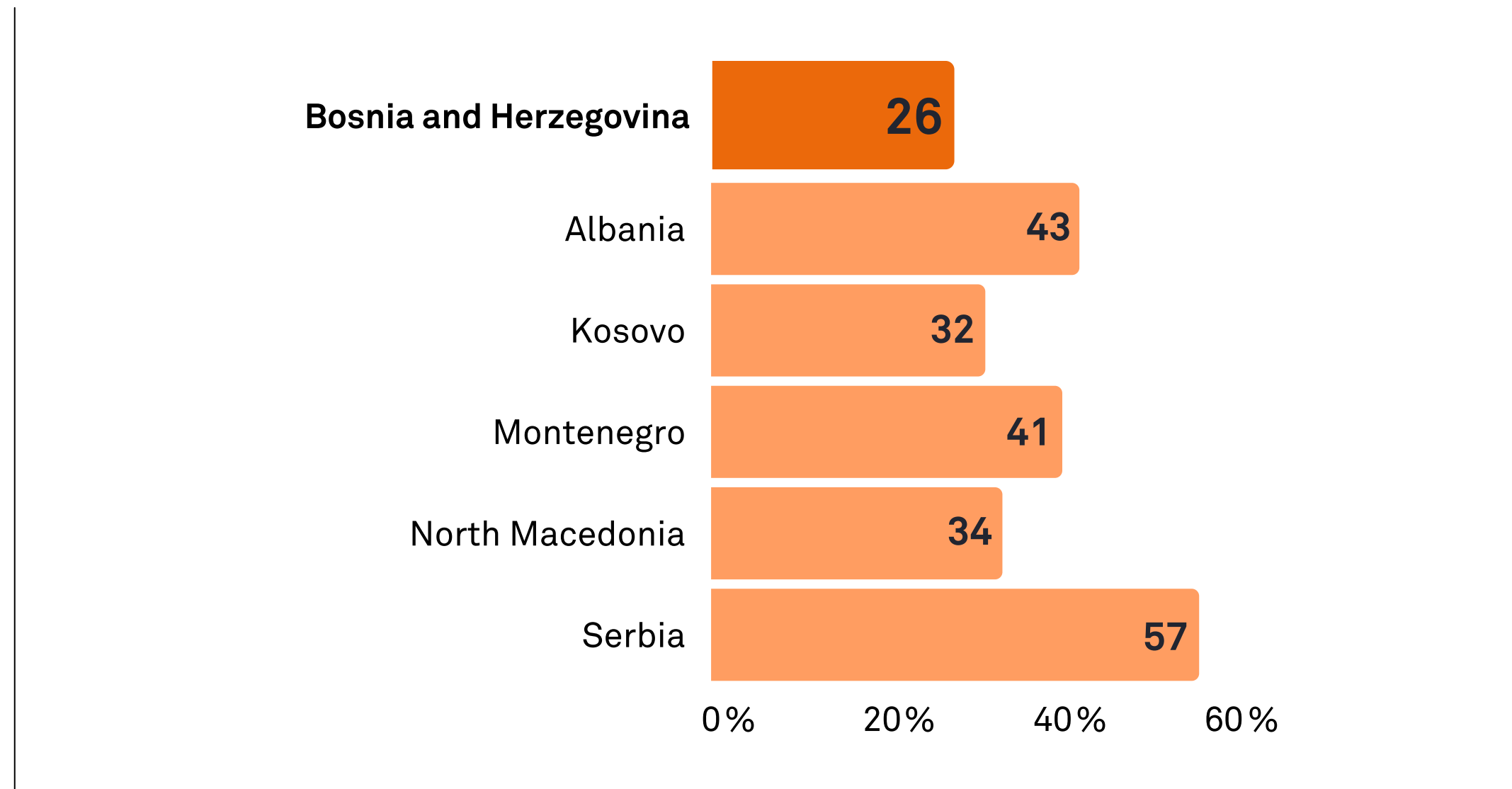
How much is each of these human rights respected in (country)?

**Almost 3 out of 4 citizens of Bosnia & Herzegovina believe discrimination is widespread in the country, notably higher than any other Western Balkan state.**



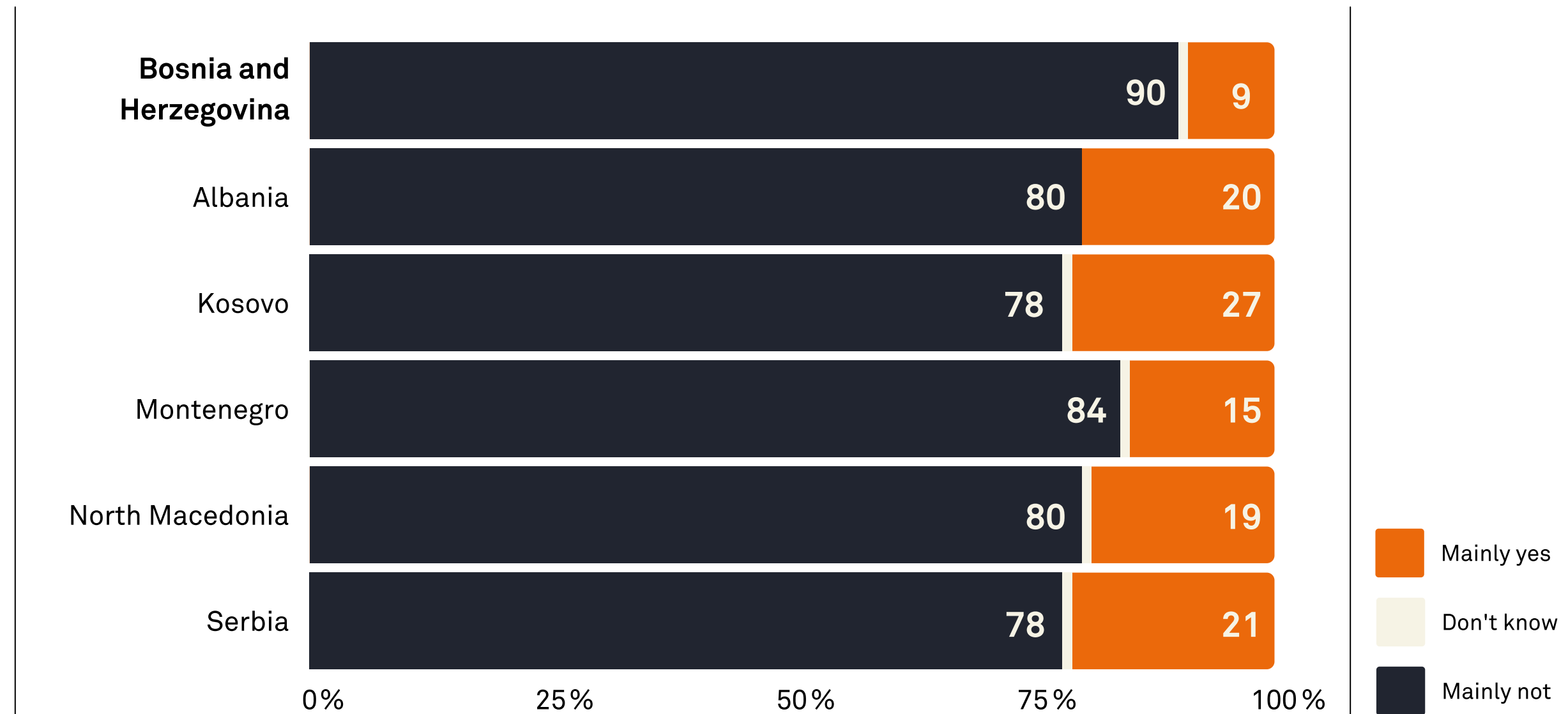
Is discrimination is widespread in your country?

**Barely 1 in 4 citizens of Bosnia & Herzegovina believe the rule of law is respected in the country, lower than any other Western Balkan state.**



Is rule of law is respected in your country?

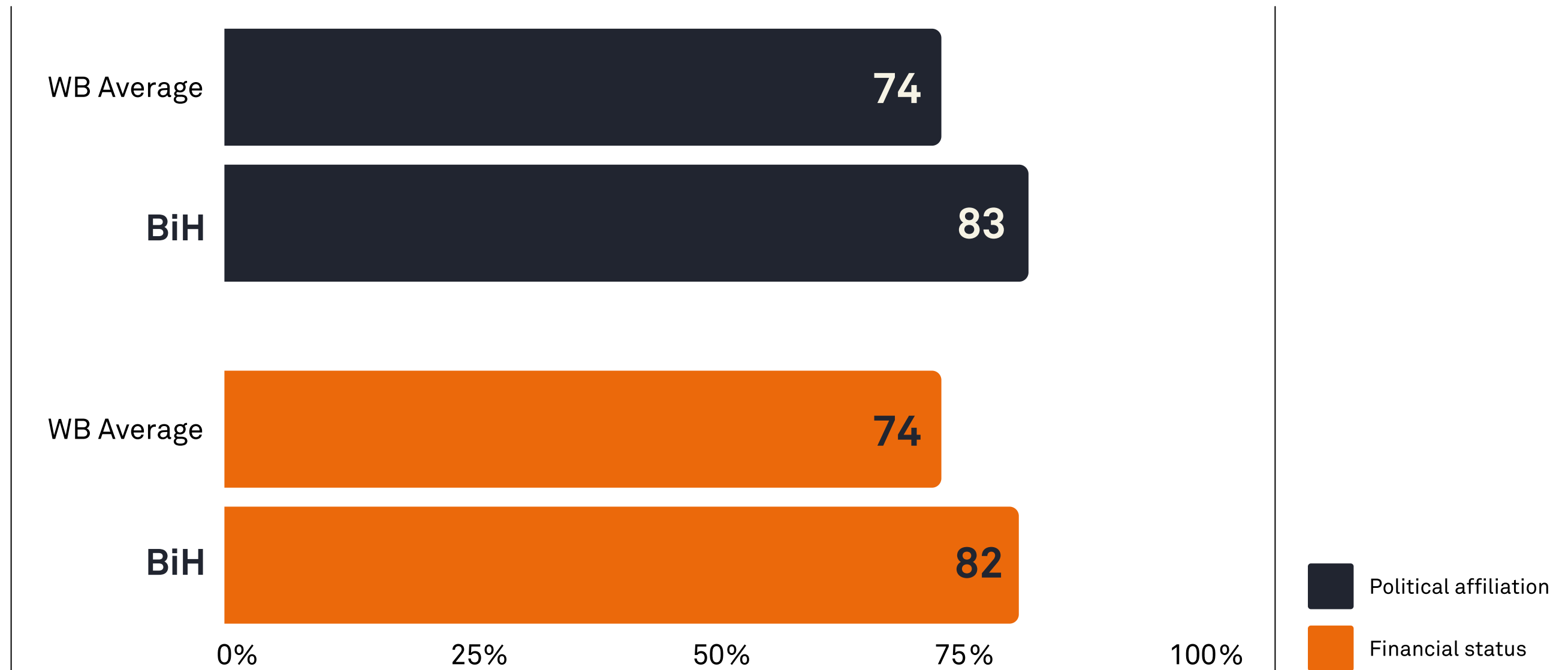
# 9 out of 10 citizens of Bosnia & Herzegovina believe that not all citizens are equal before the law, higher than any other Western Balkan state.



Are all citizens of (country) equal before the law, irrespective of their position in society?

Base: Total target population

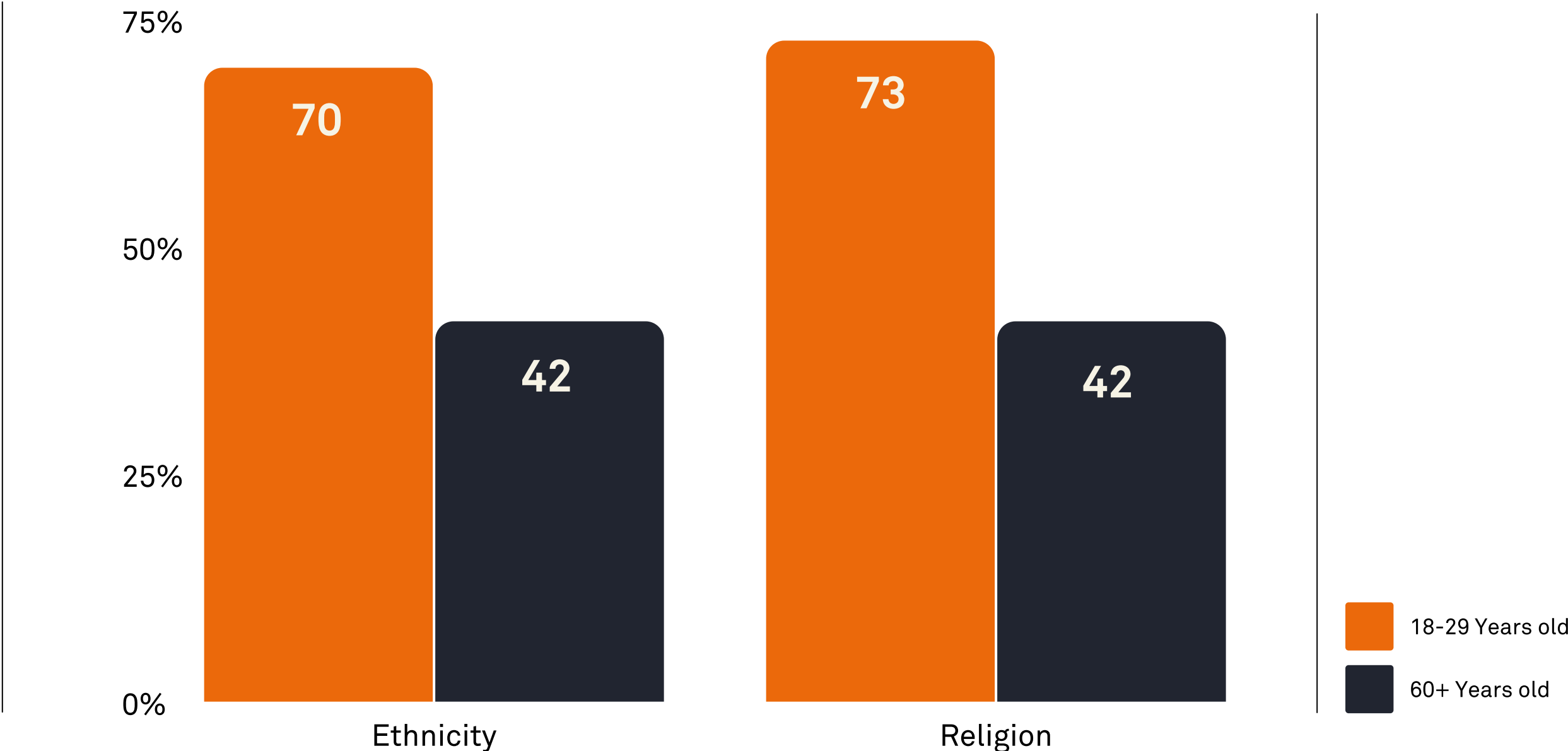
# Citizens of Bosnia & Herzegovina believe financial status and political affiliation contribute to social inequalities more so than the Western Balkan average.



How much do political affiliation and financial status result in inequality in (country)?

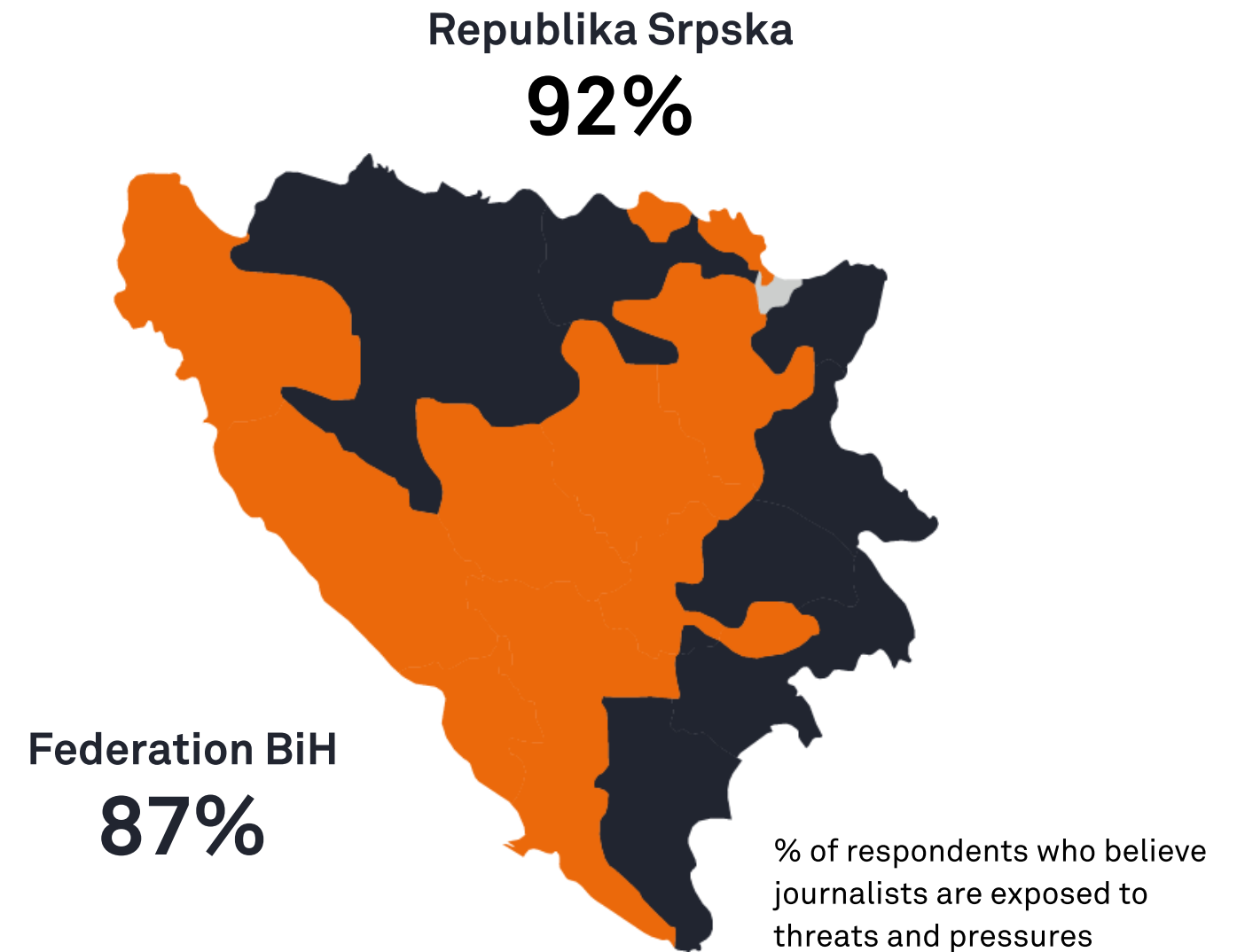
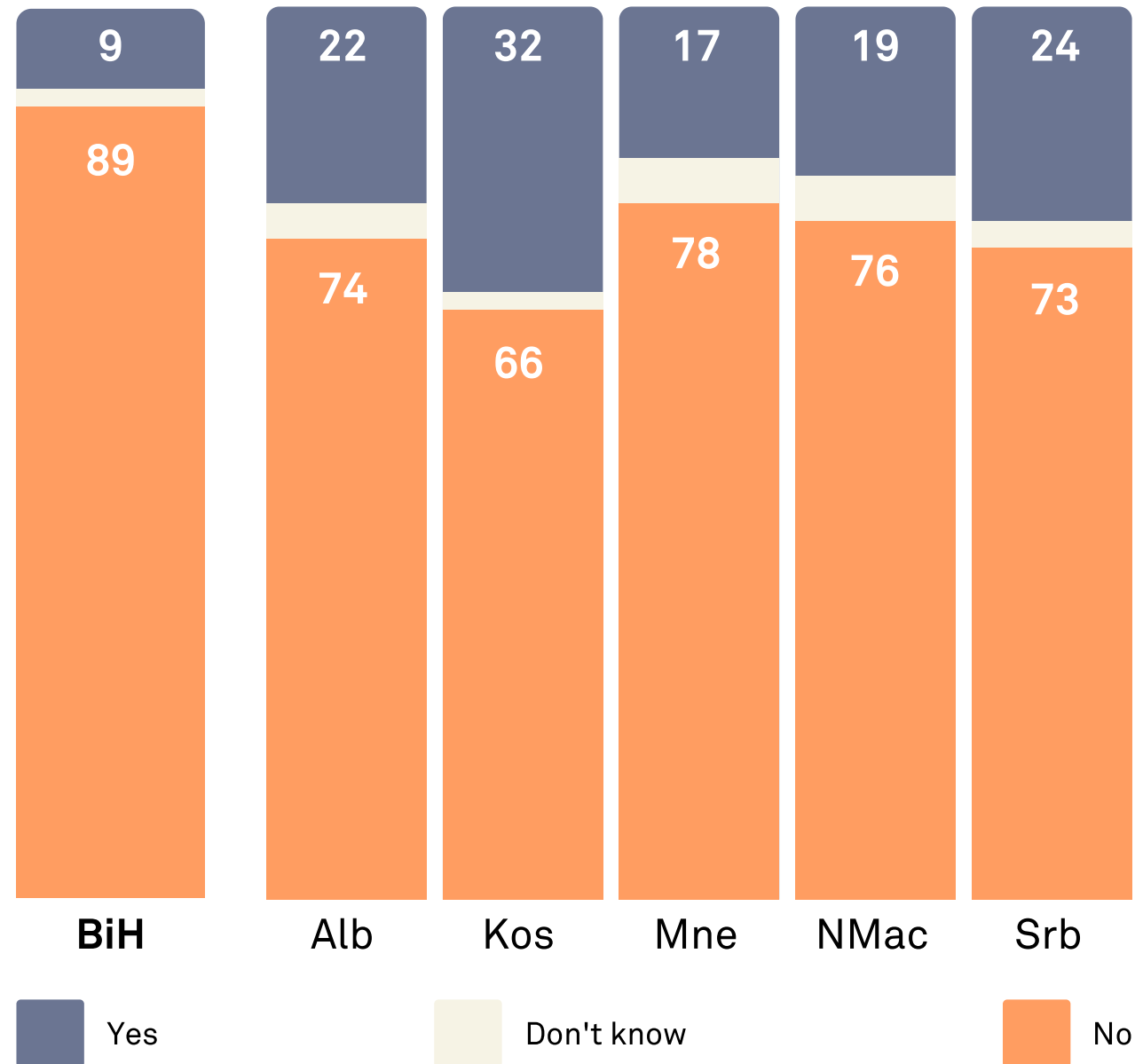


# Post-war generations in Bosnia & Herzegovina believe ethnicity and religion have a far greater impact on inequality than older citizens.



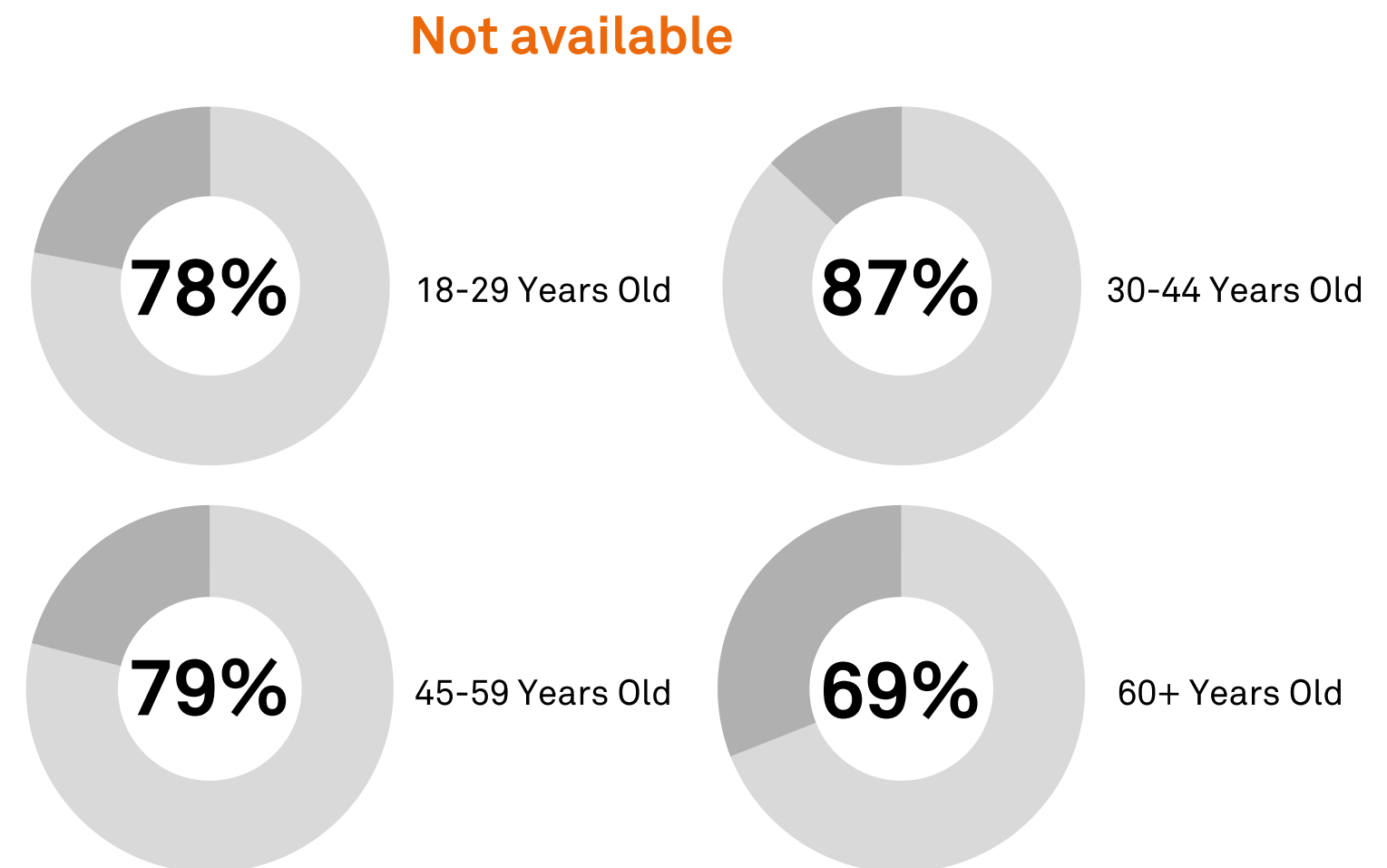
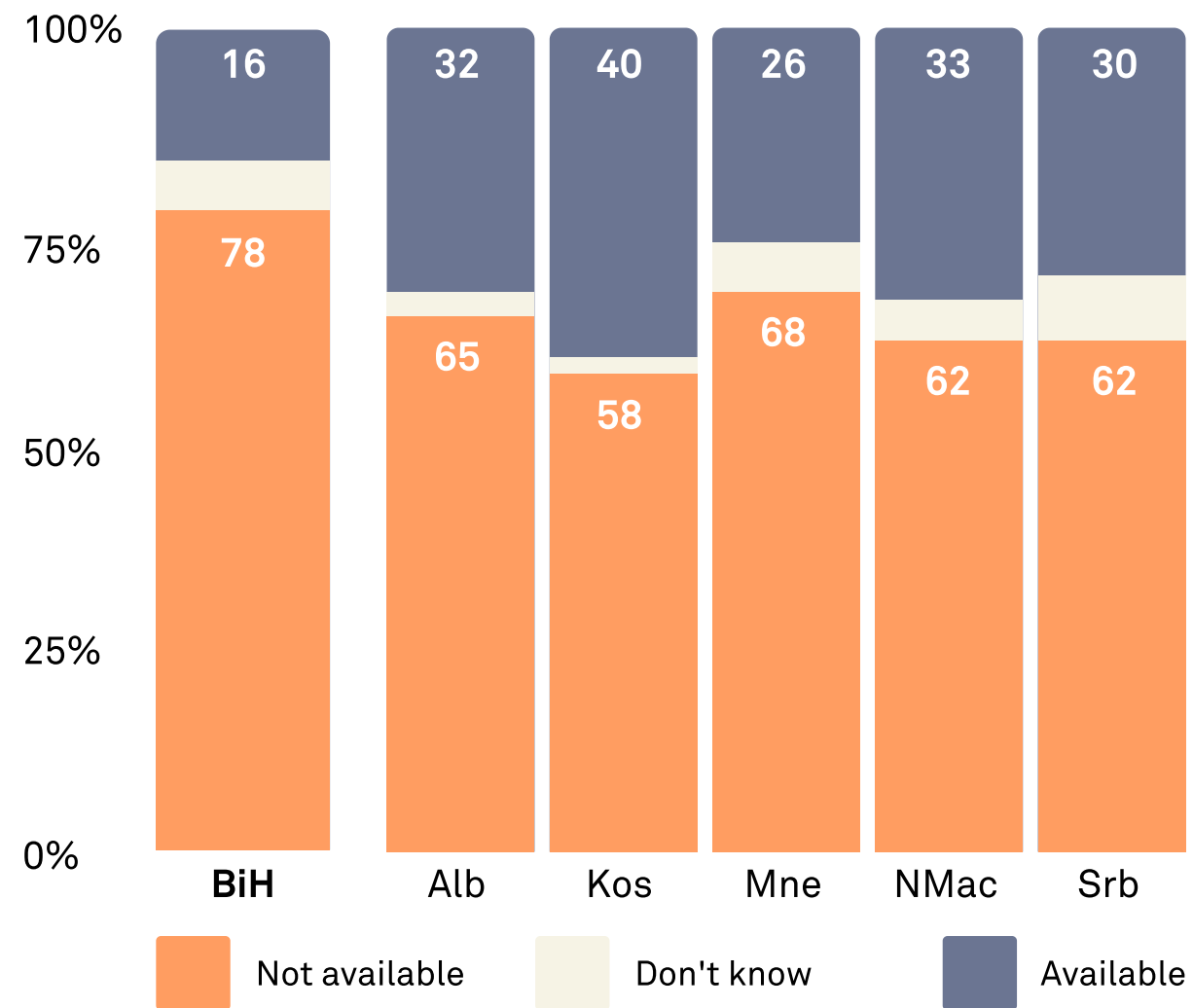
In your opinion, how much each of the following personal characteristics results in inequality in BiH?

Less than 1 in 10 citizens of Bosnia & Herzegovina believe media freedoms are respected in the country, significantly lower than any other Western Balkan state. Perceptions in Republika Srpska are slightly worse than in the Federation BiH.



Are journalists in (country) free to communicate the results of their research and analysis in which they criticize the government, without fear of experiencing threats and pressures?

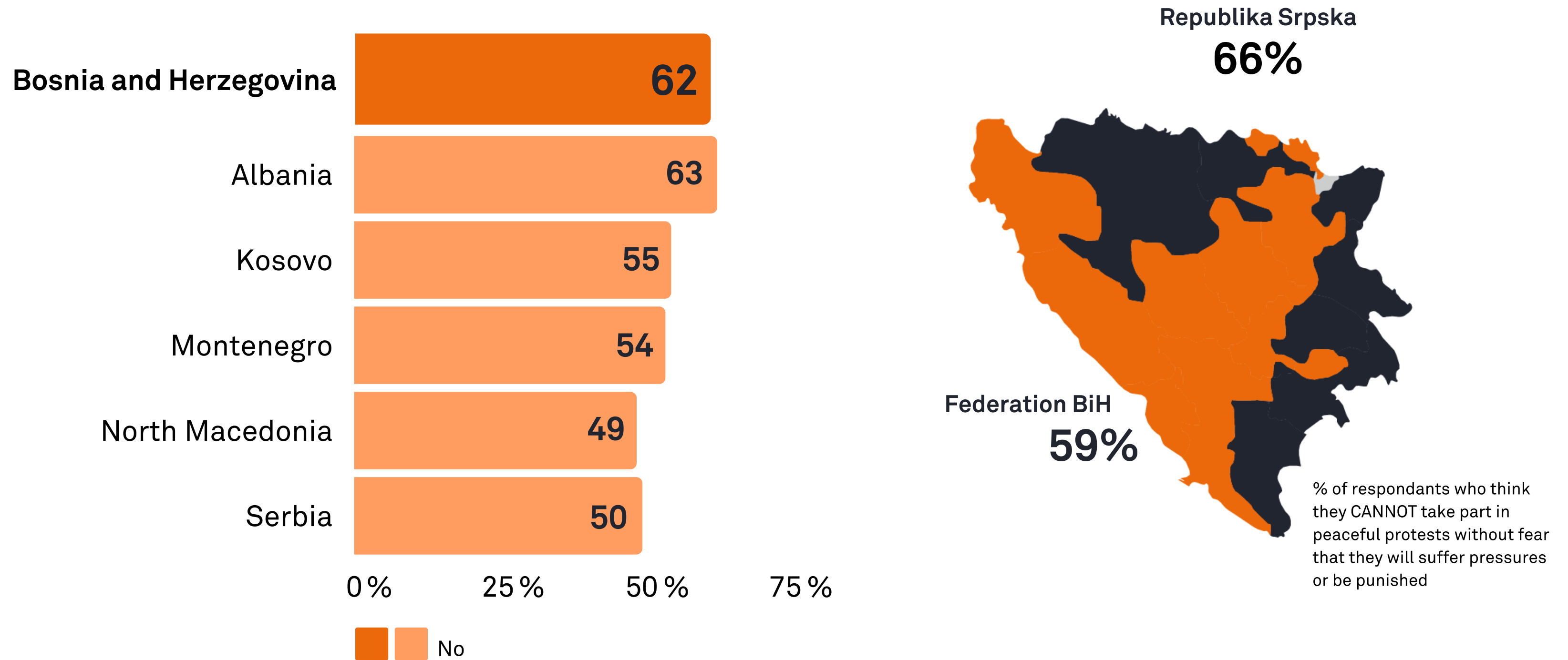
# Citizens of Bosnia & Herzegovina believe information of public importance is less accessible in their country than citizens of any other Western Balkan state.



To what extent is information of public importance, such as contracts between the state and foreign investors, sale of public assets, public procurements, etc. available to citizens and the media in (country)?

Base: Total target population

Citizens of Bosnia & Herzegovina and Albania believe the right to peaceful assembly is less respected in their countries than citizens of other Western Balkan states, a figure which is notably higher among respondents from Republika Srpska.



Can people freely take part in peaceful protests without fear that you will suffer pressures or be punished?

